

# THE SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE

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ABSTRACT. This document describes the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE (version 1.0.1).

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The SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE is meant to facilitate the preparation of scientific articles written in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X, abiding to the formatting standards of various scientific journals. It currently supports 377 different journals across several disciplines, listed in [Section 10](#). Are you tired of looking up how a journal expects you to use its `\author`, `\address` and `\affil` commands? Would you rather prefer to format your manuscripts as easily as this?

```
ste prepare --template amspreprint
ste prepare --template sinum
ste prepare --template crelle
```

Then the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE is for you.

### IMPORTANT NOTE

The SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE is intended to be used on Linux, macOS or Microsoft Windows operating systems. It is written in PYTHON and has been tested with PYTHON 3.9 and newer, as well as T<sub>E</sub>X Live 2022. It is based on the assumption that you will be processing your `.tex` documents using `pdflatex`.

## 1. INSTALLATION

The SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE requires PYTHON version 3.9 or newer to be installed on your system. Verify your PYTHON version using

```
python3 --version
```

If your PYTHON version is 3.9 or newer, continue with [Section 1.1](#) or [Section 1.2](#). If your PYTHON version is 3.8 or older, either upgrade your system's PYTHON package, or use PYTHON distribution separate from your system's through ANACONDA/MINICONDA; see [Section 1.3](#).

**1.1. Installation Without a Virtual Environment.** Launch a shell on your operating system and execute the following commands to install and initialize the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE:

```
pip3 install scoop-template-engine
ste init
```

The initialization step (`ste init`) will download and setup the journals' resources (such as `.cls`, `.sty` and `.bst` files) from the respective publisher's site.<sup>1</sup> It is safe to re-run `ste init` at any time.

---

<sup>1</sup>The reason why you have to download these resources separately, rather than obtain them bundled with the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE, is that many publishers do not furnish redistribution friendly licenses for their L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X resources.

To upgrade to the most recent version of the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE, run

```
pip3 install --upgrade scoop-template-engine
ste init
```

To uninstall the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE, run

```
pip3 uninstall scoop-template-engine
```

**1.2. Installation Into a Virtual Environment.** If you prefer to install the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE into a virtual environment (called `ste`, say), you would first create this virtual environment in a convenient directory, and activate it:

```
python3 -m venv ste
source ste/bin/activate      # on Linux and macOS
ste\Scripts\activate.bat    # on Windows
ste\Scripts\activate.ps1    # on Windows Powershell
```

With the environment `ste` activated, you install the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE and initialize the journals' resources:

```
pip3 install scoop-template-engine
ste init
```

To upgrade to the most recent version of the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE, run

```
pip3 install --upgrade scoop-template-engine
ste init
```

from inside the activated environment `ste`. To uninstall the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE from the virtual environment, run

```
pip3 uninstall scoop-template-engine
```

from inside the activated environment `ste`.

To remove the environment `ste` altogether, simply remove its directory.

**1.3. Installation Into a CONDA Virtual Environment.** We suppose you have CONDA installed. Activate it and verify your PYTHON version:

```
conda activate
python --version
```

Your PYTHON version needs to be 3.9 or newer. Create a CONDA virtual environment (called `ste`, say) and activate it:

```
conda create --name ste python=3.9
conda activate ste
```

With the CONDA environment `ste` activated, you install the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE and initialize the journals' resources:

```
pip3 install scoop-template-engine
ste init
```

To upgrade to the most recent version of the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE, run

```
pip3 install --upgrade scoop-template-engine
ste init
```

from inside the activated CONDA environment `ste`. To uninstall the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE from the CONDA virtual environment, run

```
pip3 uninstall scoop-template-engine
```

from inside the activated CONDA environment `ste`.

To remove the CONDA environment `ste` altogether, run

```
conda remove --name ste --all
```

## 2. QUICK START

The primary purpose of the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE is to allow the separation of layout (which depends on the journal and will be automatically generated) from content. To see the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE in action, you can run

```
ste start
```

This will create the files for a sample document in the current folder. You can then prepare the document for three different journals as follows:

```
ste prepare --template amspreprint
ste prepare --template sinum
ste prepare --template crelle
```

Here, `amspreprint` represents a preprint based on `amsart.cls`, `sinum` refers to the *SIAM Journal on Numerical Analysis*, and `crelle` stands for the *Journal für die reine und angewandte Mathematik*. These merely serve as examples from the selection of 377 journals currently supported.

The generated files `manuscript-amspreprint.tex`, `manuscript-sinum.tex`, and `manuscript-crelle.tex` are now ready to be compiled using `pdflatex`, e.g., using your favorite L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X editing system.

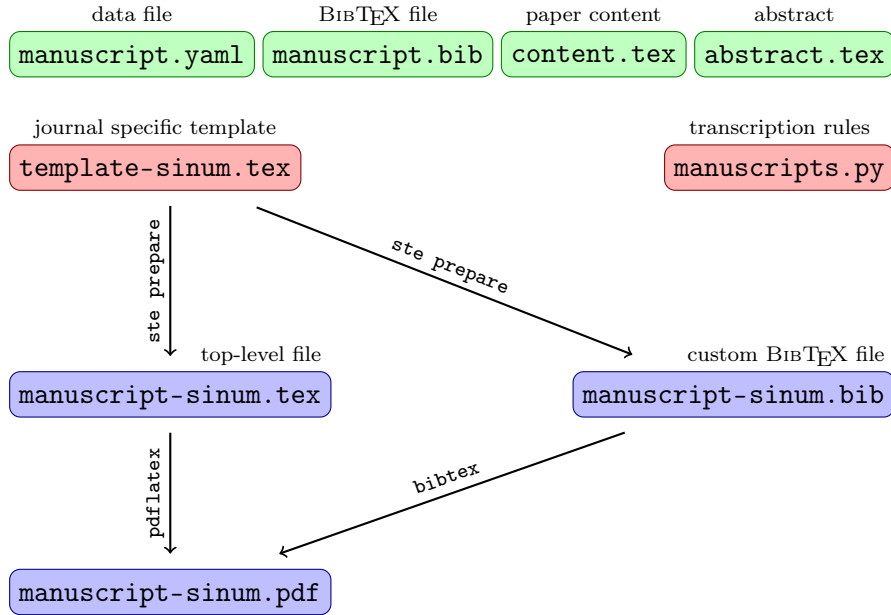


FIGURE 1. Illustration of a typical workflow to generate documents using the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE. User defined input files are shown in   green. Files provided along with the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE are shown in   red. The generated output files are shown in   blue. File names are examples only. `sinum` is the identifier for the *SIAM Journal on Numerical Analysis*.

How does this work? **Figure 1** illustrates a typical workflow. The individual steps are as follows.<sup>2</sup>

- (1) Create a data file (  `manuscript.yaml` in our example) stating the manuscript’s title, the authors, their affiliations, the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X preamble describing, e.g., the packages you would like to use, as well as the name(s) of the file(s) holding the actual content of your manuscript. The data file is written in YAML syntax.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>2</sup>All file names are merely examples and can be customized.

<sup>3</sup>YAML Ain’t Markup Language

The command

```
ste start
```

can be used to jump-start the process since it spawns a set of dummy files<sup>4</sup> in the current directory.

Figure 2 shows a sample data file named `manuscript.yaml`, similar to the one created via the command `ste start`. The full set of features of the data file will be explained in Section 4.

- (2) Create the files holding the actual content of your manuscript. In our example, this is `content.tex`, which typically starts with something like `\section{Introduction}`. Create a separate file holding the abstract. In our example, this is `abstract.tex`. For your references, you may want to use a  $\text{\LaTeX}$ / $\text{\LaTeX}$  file, such as `manuscript.bib`. More on bibliography handling can be found in Section 5.
- (3) Running, as in our example,

```
ste prepare --template sinum
```

will create the top-level file `manuscript-sinum.tex` (the style compliant with the *SIAM Journal on Numerical Analysis*, as an example). It will also create what we call a custom  $\text{\LaTeX}$  file `manuscript-sinum.bib` from those references of `manuscript.bib` which actually get cited inside the document. If necessary, entries in `manuscript.bib` will be converted during the creation of `manuscript-sinum.bib` to ensure that the result will be understood by the `.bst` ( $\text{\LaTeX}$  style) file used by the respective journal. Read more on this in Section 5.

- (4) The top-level file `manuscript-sinum.tex`, its dependencies `content.tex` and `abstract.tex`, and the accompanying custom  $\text{\LaTeX}$  file `manuscript-sinum.bib` are now ready to be compiled. Use your favorite  $\text{\LaTeX}$  editing system for this, or issue

```
pdflatex manuscript-sinum.tex
bibtex manuscript-sinum
pdflatex manuscript-sinum.tex
pdflatex manuscript-sinum.tex
```

<sup>4</sup>These files are `manuscript.yaml`, `manuscript.bib`, `content.tex`, `abstract.tex`, and `manuscript.sty`. If a file of the same name already exists, `ste start` will abort and not overwrite it.

or simply

```
latexmk -pdf manuscript-sinum.tex
```

on the command line, to obtain the final `.pdf` document `manuscript-sinum.pdf`.

- (5) When writing your manuscript, you will frequently be making changes only to `content.tex` and then re-compile the generated top-level file `manuscript-sinum.tex`. There is no need to re-run `ste prepare` over and over. You will only want to invoke `ste prepare` again when you make changes to the data file `manuscript.yaml` (e.g., change the title or add an author), when you add references to `manuscript.bib`, or when you wish to format your manuscript for another outlet.
- (6) It is recommended to place your preamble in a separate file, e.g., `manuscript.sty`, and specify

```
latex:
  preamble: |-
    \usepackage{manuscript}
```

in the data file `manuscript.yaml`. This avoids the need to re-run `ste prepare` whenever you need to make changes to your preamble, e.g., add a package.

- (7) Never edit<sup>5</sup> any of the generated files `manuscript-sinum.tex` and `manuscript-sinum.bib`, since they will be overwritten next time you run `ste prepare`. Any changes necessary to `manuscript-sinum.tex` (e.g., adjustment of the manuscript's title) should be done by changing the data file `manuscript.yaml` and invoking `ste prepare`. Any changes necessary to `manuscript-sinum.bib` should likewise be done by changing `manuscript.bib` and invoking `ste prepare`.

---

<sup>5</sup>To remind you of this, all generated files will be write protected.



```

# LaTeX related settings
latex:
  bibfiles: manuscript.bib
  body: content.tex
  abstract: abstract.tex
  preamble: |-
    \usepackage{amsmath}
    \usepackage{cleveref}

# Information on your manuscript
manuscript:
  authors:
    - LMS
    - JIF
  title: Carrying the One Effectively

# Author data
authors:
  - familyname: Simpson
    givenname: Lisa M.
    institutions: [Harvard College, Springfield Heights]
    tag: LMS

  - familyname: Frink
    givenname: Jonathan I. Q.
    institutions: Springfield Heights
    tag: JIF

# Institution data
institutions:
  Harvard College: >-
    Harvard College,
    Cambridge,
    MA 02138,
    USA

  Springfield Heights: >-
    Springfield Heights Institute of Technology,
    Springfield,
    OR 97475,
    USA

```

FIGURE 2. A sample `manuscript.yaml` data file, similar to the one created by `ste start`.

### 3. COMMANDS

The syntax of the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE is

```
ste <command> [filter] [options]
```

More specifically, the following combinations are valid:

command	meaning
<code>ste help</code>	show a help message and exit
<code>ste doc</code>	open this documentation file and exit
<code>ste version</code>	show the version information and exit
<code>ste list [filter]</code>	list available templates
<code>ste init [filter]</code>	download and initialize template resources
<code>ste start</code>	create files to start a new document
<code>ste prepare [options]</code>	prepare a document for LaTeX compilation

The commands

```
ste help
ste doc
ste version
```

should be self-explanatory.

3.1. **ste list**. This command is used to list available templates. The optional **filter** is a PYTHON regular expression. For instance,

```
ste list Springer/
```

lists only those templates containing the string **Springer/** (directory) in their path, and

```
ste list Springer/sn-jnl.cls/
```

further restricts the listing to those templates in the directory **Springer/sn-jnl.cls/**, which happen to be those based on the **sn-jnl.cls** class file.

3.2. **ste init**. This command is used to download and initialize template resources from the publishers' web sites. The optional **filter** is a PYTHON regular expression. For instance,

```
ste init Springer/
```

initializes only the template resources pertaining to templates in the directory `Springer/`. This can be useful, e. g., in case a publisher’s download site is temporarily unavailable and some templates are left uninitialized.

**3.3. `ste start`.** This command creates a number of files for a sample document in the current folder. These can be used as a starting point to begin a new publication; see also [Section 2](#).

**3.4. `ste prepare`.** This command prepares a top-level document for  $\text{\LaTeX}$  compilation, as illustrated in [Figure 1](#). It takes a number of options to control its behavior, which are detailed in [Table 1](#) and [Section 4.1](#).

## 4. DATA FILE

The data file, such as `manuscript.yaml` displayed in [Figure 2](#), needs to be written in YAML syntax. Only the most elementary YAML syntax features are required, and we introduce them here by example.<sup>6</sup>

`.yaml` data files for manuscripts in the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE have five major keys: `control`, `latex`, `manuscript`, `authors`, and `institutions`. Consequently, a `.yaml` file for the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE has the following general layout:

```
control: ...
latex: ...
manuscript: ...
authors: ...
institutions: ...
```

Not all of these keys need to be present, and their order does not matter. For instance, in the `.yaml` file shown in [Figure 2](#), the `control`: key is not present. In fact, a `.yaml` data file for the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE may even be empty, although this does not constitute a very meaningful example.

We describe each of the five major keys in the following subsections.

**4.1. The `control`: part.** The `control`: part of a SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE `.yaml` file is used to control the behavior of `ste prepare`. It is organized as a dictionary. Each of the keys can be overridden by the corresponding option on the command line.<sup>7</sup>

The respective part of the `.yaml` data file thus looks like this:

<sup>6</sup>For a more thorough background, [https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/latest/reference\\_appendices/YAMLSyntax.html](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/latest/reference_appendices/YAMLSyntax.html) and <https://yaml.org/spec/> may be useful references.

<sup>7</sup>The command line offers the additional option `--datafile`, which selects the `.yaml` data file to be processed, as well as the `--quiet` option.

.yaml key	command line	meaning
	<code>--datafile</code>	chooses the datafile
<code>template</code>	<code>--template</code>	chooses the template
<code>outdir</code>	<code>--outdir</code>	sets the directory to write output files
<code>prefix</code>	<code>--prefix</code>	overrides the default output name
<code>nosuffix</code>	<code>--nosuffix</code>	suppresses the template suffix
<code>nocustombib</code>	<code>--nocustombib</code>	skips generation of custom <code>BIBTEX</code> files
<code>nobib</code>	<code>--nobib</code>	turns off any <code>.bib</code> file based bibliography
	<code>--quiet</code>	report only errors

TABLE 1. Available keys in the `control`: part of the data file (Section 4.1) and associated command line options for `ste prepare` (Section 3.4).

```
control:
  template: ...
  outdir: ...
  prefix: ...
  nosuffix: ...
  nocustombib: ...
  nobib: ...
```

`template`: This selects the template to be used to generate the output. For instance, with

```
control:
  template: sinum
```

or equivalently,

```
ste prepare --template sinum
```

the template named `sinum` will be used.

`outdir`: This setting specifies the directory to which the generated files (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex` and `manuscript-sinum.bib`) are written. The default is to use the same directory from which you are calling `ste prepare` (the working directory). Using, for instance,

```
control:
  outdir: build
```

or equivalently,

```
ste prepare --outdir build
```

will write to the `build/` directory instead. This directory needs to exist and be writable to.

**prefix:** The default name of the output files (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex` and `manuscript-sinum.bib`) is composed of the name of the data file (`manuscript.yaml`) and the name of the template (`sinum`). Using the **prefix:** setting, you can override the first (`manuscript`) part of the output files' names. Using, for instance,

```
control:
  prefix: document
```

or equivalently,

```
ste prepare --prefix document
```

will use `document-sinum.tex` and `document-sinum.bib` as output file names, regardless of the name of the `.yaml` data file.

**nosuffix:** With this option, the template name will not become part of the output file names. Using, for instance, a data file `manuscript.yaml` and

```
control:
  nosuffix: True
```

or equivalently,

```
ste prepare --nosuffix
```

will use `manuscript.tex` and `manuscript.bib` as output file names.

**nocustombib:** Most journal templates use `BIBTEX` to format article bibliographies. For those templates, `ste prepare` creates a custom `BIBTEX` file (such as `manuscript-sinum.bib`). This custom `BIBTEX` file will contain only the references which actually get cited in the document, and will make an effort to ensure it will be understood by the `.bst` (`BIBTEX` style) file used by the respective journal. The sources of this single custom `BIBTEX` file are the `.bib` files (such as `manuscript.bib`) specified through the **bibfiles:** key; see **latex:** [Section 4.2](#) below. Read more on bibliography handling in [Section 5](#).

In any case, using

```
control:
  nocustombib: True
```

or equivalently,

```
ste prepare --nocustombib
```

will skip the generation of the custom BIB<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> file, but if it already exists from a previous run, it will not be removed. Using the `nocustombib`: switch saves time during the execution of `ste prepare` and it can safely be used when a custom BIB<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> file for the journal has been generated previously and the references cited have not changed since then.

`nobib`: In case you wish to use hand-crafted `\bibitems` instead of a `.bib` file, use this switch in the `.yaml` data file

```
control:
  nobib: True
```

or equivalently,

```
ste prepare --nobib
```

It will disable the insertion of `\bibliography` (for BIB<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> based templates) and `\printbibliography` (for BIB<sub>L</sub>A<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> based templates) commands into the generated top-level file (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex`), which would cause bibliographies to be printed based on `.bib` files.

Using the `nobib`: switch implies the `nocustombib`: switch, and hence no custom BIB<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> file will be generated since it would not be used anyway.

**4.2. The `latex`: part.** The `latex`: part of a SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE `.yaml` file is used to specify L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X related settings. It is organized as a dictionary. The respective part of the `.yaml` data file looks like this:

```
latex:
  abstract: ...
  body: ...
  appendix: ...
  bibfiles: ...
  documentclassoptions: ...
  preamble: ...
```

```
pre preamble: ...  
compatibility: ...
```

**abstract:** This key specifies the file name(s) of the `.tex` files holding the abstract of your manuscript. They will be `\input` into the generated top-level file (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex`) in the order of appearance. Use

```
latex:  
  abstract: abstract.tex
```

or

```
latex:  
  abstract:  
    - abstract.tex
```

to specify a single abstract file, and

```
latex:  
  abstract:  
    - abstract.tex  
    - additional-abstract.tex
```

for multiple files.

**body:** This key specifies the file name(s) of the `.tex` files holding the content of your manuscript. They will be `\input` into the generated top-level file (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex`) in the order of appearance. Use

```
latex:  
  body: content.tex
```

or

```
latex:  
  body:  
    - content.tex
```

to specify a single content file, and

```
latex:  
  body:  
    - content.tex  
    - more-content.tex
```

for multiple files.

**appendix:** This key specifies the file name(s) of the `.tex` files holding the appendix of your manuscript. They will be `\input` into the generated top-level file (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex`) in the order of appearance. Use

```
latex:
  appendix: appendix.tex
```

or

```
latex:
  appendix:
    - appendix.tex
```

to specify a single appendix file, and

```
latex:
  appendix:
    - appendix.tex
    - additional-appendix.tex
```

for multiple files.

The convention that appendices are placed before the bibliography is applied throughout all templates, unless a journal explicitly suggests otherwise in their author guidelines.

**bibfiles:** This key specifies the file name(s) of the bibliographic resources a manuscript is using. In case the respective template uses `BIBLATEX`, these files will be used directly via appropriate `\addbibresource` commands. In case the template uses `BIBTEX`, the files specified through the **bibfiles:** key will serve as the basis to generate the custom `BIBTEX` file.

The path of the `.bib` file(s) specified here is relative to the working directory. Use

```
latex:
  bibfiles: manuscript.bib
```

or

```
latex:
  bibfiles:
    - manuscript.bib
```



to specify a single bibliographic resource file, and

```
latex:
  bibfiles:
    - manuscript.bib
    - other.bib
```

for multiple files.

**documentclassoptions:** Use this key to pass document class options to the document class used by the respective template. Be aware that not all document classes honor the same set of options. Use

```
latex:
  documentclassoptions: 12pt
```

to specify a single document class option, and

```
latex:
  documentclassoptions:
    - 12pt
    - final
```

for multiple options.

**preamble:** Use this key to define a L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X preamble describing, e. g., the packages and custom commands you wish to use. For instance,

```
latex:
  preamble: |-
    \usepackage{amsmath}
    \usepackage{cleveref}
    \newcommand{\norm}[1]{\|#1\|}
```

will insert said commands into the preamble of the generated top-level file (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex`). The **preamble:** commands will be placed after the specification of the document class and also after the specification of packages required for the template (if any).

Note the `|-` specifier after the **preamble:** key, which is useful here. The `|` indicates YAML literal style, which preserves the content as is, including newlines. The (optional) `-` modifier removes any trailing newlines that may be following the **preamble:** block.

For preambles exceeding a few lines, it is recommended to place the respective commands into a custom file (such as `manuscript.sty`) and reduce the content of the `preamble:` key in the `.yaml` file to

```
latex:
  preamble: |-
    \usepackage{manuscript}
```

`pre preamble:` This key is similar to `preamble:` except that the respective content is inserted into the top-level file even before the specification of the document class. This is useful for instance in case a journal's `.cls` file loads a package and we would like to pass some options to it when it is loaded.

```
latex:
  pre preamble: |-
    \PassOptionsToPackage{lowtilde}{url}
```

`compatibility:` This key determines the degree of compatibility that SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE strives to achieve across all journal templates provided. The following compatibility levels are available:

setting	meaning
<code>none</code>	no effort is made to achieve any compatibility
<code>minimal</code>	ensures that a minimal set of commands is available
<code>packages</code>	ensures a certain set of packages can be used
<code>changes</code>	provides support for the <code>changes.sty</code> package
<code>theorems</code>	provides a set of theorem-like environments
<code>testing</code>	adjusts settings to facilitate template testing

If the compatibility level is not set, the default value `minimal` is used. To enable, for instance, the compatibility level `packages`, use

```
latex:
  compatibility: packages
```

or

```
latex:
  compatibility:
    - packages
```

in the `.yaml` data file. To enable both the compatibility levels `packages` and `theorems`, use

```
latex:
  compatibility:
    - packages
    - theorems
```

in the `.yaml` data file. Read more on this in [Section 6](#).

**4.3. The `manuscript:` part.** The `manuscript:` part of a SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE `.yaml` file is used to specify essential information about your manuscript. It is organized as a dictionary. The respective part of the `.yaml` data file looks like this:

```
manuscript:
  authors: ...
  corresponding: ...
  title: ...
  subtitle: ...
  shorttitle: ...
  keywords: ...
  msc: ...
  date: ...
  funding: ...
  dedication: ...
```

**authors:** This key is used to specify the authors of a manuscript and their order. Authors are identified through their tags here, while their names, affiliations etc. are defined through the `authors:` key; see [Section 4.4](#) for details. Use

```
manuscript:
  authors: LMS
```

or

```
manuscript:
  authors:
    - LMS
```

to specify a single author, and

```
manuscript:
  authors:
```

```
- LMS
- JIF
```

for multiple authors.

**corresponding:** This key is used to specify which of the **authors:** are the corresponding authors. Use

```
manuscript:
  corresponding: LMS
```

or

```
manuscript:
  corresponding:
    - LMS
```

to specify a single corresponding author, and

```
manuscript:
  corresponding:
    - LMS
    - JIF
```

for multiple corresponding authors.

**title:** Use this key to specify a manuscript's title.

```
manuscript:
  title: Carrying the One Effectively
```

Note that in case the title contains a colon, you will need to quote it to conform to YAML's syntax:

```
manuscript:
  title: "Carrying the One: Theory and Practice"
```

**subtitle:** Use this key to specify a manuscript's subtitle.

```
manuscript:
  subtitle: Theory and Practice
```

**shorttitle:** Use this key to specify a manuscript's short title. This is used as the running title by many templates.

```
manuscript:
  shorttitle: Carrying the One
```

If unspecified or empty, `shorttitle`: will be set identical to the content of the `title`: key.

`keywords`: This key is used to specify a manuscript's keywords. Use

```
manuscript:
  keywords: linear systems
```

or

```
manuscript:
  keywords:
    - linear systems
```

to specify a single keyword, and

```
manuscript:
  keywords:
    - linear systems
    - iterative solver
```

for multiple keywords.

`msc`: This key is used to specify Mathematics Subject Classification (MSC) codes. Use

```
manuscript:
  msc: 65F10 # iterative methods for linear systems
```

or

```
manuscript:
  msc:
    - 65F10 # iterative methods for linear systems
```

to specify a single MSC code, and

```
manuscript:
  msc:
    - 65F10 # iterative methods for linear systems
    - 65F08 # preconditioners for iterative methods
```

for multiple MSC codes. The optional comments merely serve as a reminder of the respective category.

**date:** Use this key to specify the date of the manuscript.

```
manuscript:
  date: \today
```

**funding:** This key is used to provide information about funding related to a manuscript.

```
manuscript:
  funding: >-
    This work was kindly supported through free coffee
    by the Springfield Heights Coffee Shop.
```

Note the >- specifier after the **funding:** key, which is used here only for formatting purposes. The > indicates YAML folding style, which preserves the content as is but converts newlines to spaces. The (optional) - modifier removes any trailing newlines that may be following the **funding:** block.

**dedication:** This key is used to specify a manuscript's dedication.

```
manuscript:
  dedication: >-
    This work is dedicated to someone special
    on the occasion of their 60th birthday.
```

4.4. **The authors: part.** The **authors:** part of a SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE **.yaml** file is used to specify information about the authors. It is organized as a list of dictionaries. The respective part of the **.yaml** data file looks like this:

```
authors:
- # some author's data
  givenname: ...
  familyname: ...
  institutions: ...
  emails: ...
  urls: ...
  tag: ...
  color: ...
```

```
- # another author's data
  givenname: ...
  familyname: ...
  institutions: ...
  emails: ...
  urls: ...
  tag: ...
  color: ...
```

The order in which the authors are declared in this section of the `.yaml` data file is irrelevant. Authors appear in the manuscript in the order of the author tags in the `manuscript`: [Section 4.3](#) above.

`givenname`: This key is used to specify an author's given name(s).

```
authors:
- givenname: Lisa M.
```

`familyname`: This key is used to specify an author's family name(s).

```
authors:
- familyname: Simpson
```

`institutions`: This key is used to specify the institutions an author is affiliated with. To identify an institution, you are free to choose an arbitrary identifier/tag. The institutions themselves are described through the `institutions` key; see [Section 4.5](#) below. Use

```
authors:
- institutions: Springfield Heights
```

or

```
authors:
- institutions:
  - Springfield Heights
```

to specify an author affiliated with a single institution, and

```
authors:
- institutions:
  - Harvard College
  - Springfield Heights
```

for an author affiliated with multiple institutions.

**emails:** This key is used to specify an author's email address(es). Use

```
authors:
  - emails: lms@dayrep.com
```

or

```
authors:
  - emails:
    - lms@dayrep.com
```

for an author who wants a single email address listed, and

```
authors:
  - emails:
    - lms@dayrep.com
    - lisamsimpson@gustr.com
```

for an author who wants multiple email addresses listed.

**urls:** This key is used to specify the URL(s) of an author's home page(s). Use

```
authors:
  - urls: https://example.com/lms.html
```

or

```
authors:
  - urls:
    - https://example.com/lms.html
```

for an author who wants a single home page listed, and

```
authors:
  - urls:
    - https://example.com/lms.html
    - https://gitlab.com/scoopgroup-public
```

for an author who wants multiple home pages listed.

**tag:** This key is used to specify an author's tag. This tag is used to identify an author as an author or corresponding author of a manuscript as described in the **authors:** [Section 4.4](#) above.



```
authors:
  - tag: LMS
```

**color:** This key is used to specify an author’s color. It is used exclusively in combination with compatibility level **changes**. In this setting, the **color:** specification defines an author’s color markup in the commands from the **changes.sty** package. The compatibility level **changes** is meant to facilitate the use of the **changes.sty** package, which can be used to highlight changes in a manuscript, see [Section 6.4](#).

```
authors:
  - color: blue!80!black
```

Colors can be specified as in **xcolor.sty**’s **\colorlet** command; see [Section 6.4](#) for details.

**4.5. The **institutions:** part.** The **institutions:** part of a SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE **.yaml** data file is used to specify information about the authors’ institutions. It is organized as a dictionary whose keys comprise the institution identifiers used in the **authors:** [Section 4.4](#) above.

The respective part of the **.yaml** data file looks like this:

```
institutions:
  ...
  ...
```

To specify an institution’s address, use

```
institutions:
  Springfield Heights: >-
    Springfield Heights Institute of Technology,
    Springfield, OR 97475,
    USA
```

The **>** indicates YAML folding style, which preserves the content as is but converts newlines to spaces. The (optional) **-** modifier removes any trailing newlines that may be following the respective block.

## 5. BIBLIOGRAPHY

The SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE supports all three options to handle bibliographies for manuscripts.

**5.1. BIB<sub>LA</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X.** Some templates process their bibliography using BIB<sub>LA</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X, notably `amspreprint`; see [Section 10](#). For these templates, the `.bib` file(s) you specify in the `.yaml` data file using, e. g.,

```
latex:
  bibfiles: manuscript.bib
```

will be added directly as bibliographic resource(s) to the generated top-level file (such as `manuscript-preprint.tex`) using `\addbibresource`. Moreover, a `\printbibliography` command will be inserted at the end of the generated top-level file (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex`).

Compile the generated top-level file using, e. g., `pdflatex` and `biber`, or more conveniently, using `latexmk -pdf`. In case you are using a L<sub>A</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X editor, note that you may need to manually switch the processing pipeline from `bibtex` to `biber`.

For templates using BIB<sub>LA</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X, the `nocustombib` setting has no effect, since no custom bibliography is generated anyway.

**5.2. BIB<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub>.** All other journal templates use BIB<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> to process bibliographies. For those templates, the `.bib` file(s) you specify in the `.yaml` data file (such as `manuscript.bib`) will be processed behind the scenes by the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE (actually, by its companion `spbf`) to produce a custom BIB<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> file (such as `manuscript-sinum.bib`) every time you run `ste prepare`.

This custom BIB<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> file is then used in the following way. A command similar to the following will be inserted into the generated top-level file (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex`):

```
\IfFileExists{./manuscript-sinum.bib}{%
\bibliography{./manuscript-sinum.bib}
}{%
\bibliography{manuscript.bib}
}
```

This causes the custom BIB<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> file to be used to produce the bibliography. However, if, for any reason, the custom BIB<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> file does not exist, the unprocessed `.bib` file(s) specified in the `latex` [Section 4.2](#) will be used as a fallback.

The reasoning behind using custom BIB<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> files is two-fold. First, the custom `.bib` file will contain only those references which actually get cited in the document. Therefore, you may use, for instance, one central `.bib` file for several of your publications and yet when you submit your manuscript to a journal, include just the generated BIB<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> file (such as `manuscript-sinum.bib`) which contains only the required entries from your central `.bib`

file. Second, the `.bib` file(s) you specify in the `.yaml` data file (such as `manuscript.bib`) may contain entry types and fields which are not supported by the `.bst` (BIB<sub>TEX</sub> style) file used by the respective journal, resulting in missing information or even errors when it gets processed directly. Moreover, at the very least, entries in the `.bib` file in the UTF8 character set need to be recoded into L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X accented characters, e. g., `ä` becomes `\"a`.

All of this is carried out through SCOOP PREPARE BIB<sub>TEX</sub> FILE (`spbf`), which is bundled with the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE but may also be used independently. We therefore describe it in a separate document (try `spbf doc`).

**5.3. bibitems.** In case you decide to not use BIB<sub>L</sub>A<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> nor BIB<sub>TEX</sub> (depending on the template), but go with hand-crafted `\bibitems` instead, you can do that as well. In this case, add your

```
\begin{thebibliography}{99}
\bibitem{...}
\bibitem{...}
\end{thebibliography}
```

environment to the appropriate place in the file holding the content of your manuscript (such as `content.tex`). You will then need to specify

```
control:
  nobib: True
```

in your `.yaml` data file, or equivalently, use

```
ste prepare --nobib
```

to avoid the insertion of any `\bibliography` or `\printbibliography` commands into the top-level file.

## 6. COMPATIBILITY

Being able to format a manuscript for a specific journal unfortunately does not mean that the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code in your content file (such as `content.tex`) immediately compiles without errors. For instance, the `.cls` files of some journal might load a specific package which may turn out to be incompatible with other packages you wish to use. This issue has nothing to do with the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE but rather the design of some journals' `.cls` files.

The SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE makes an effort to support the user in writing their document in an outlet-independent way. To this end, it offers various levels of compatibility support, which can be set using

```
latex:
  compatibility: ...
```

in the `.yaml` data file. These levels are `none`, `minimal`, `packages`, `changes` and `theorems`. They are explained below. The default compatibility level is `minimal`. Compatibility levels can be combined by specifying them as a list, using, e. g.,

```
latex:
  compatibility:
    - packages
    - changes
```

The implementation of compatibility levels is done as follows. For templates requiring an effort to ensure compatibility, the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE provides a preamble file which takes the desired compatibility level as a package option. Code loading this preamble is automatically inserted when `ste prepare` generates the top-level file (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex`). In fact, since compatibility code may need to be inserted before the document class is loaded, after the document class is loaded but before the user-defined `preamble:` is executed, or after the user-defined `preamble:`, the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE provides up to three separate such preamble files for every template. They are named according to the pattern `prepreamble-sinum.sty`, `preamble-sinum.sty` and `postpreamble-sinum.sty`. There is no need for the user to change those files or their content.

A few journal templates are distributed by the publisher with obvious issues, for instance, incorrect file names, errors, and typos in their `.bst` (BIBTEX style) file, missing `.bst` files, etc. We take the liberty to fix those issues directly during `ste init`, by having the respective `init.py` script modify the offending files, regardless of the `compatibility:` level.

**6.1. Compatibility level `none`.** In this compability level, no effort is made to achieve any degree of compatibility of the journal’s template with the user’s L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code. This is not recommended and it may very well cause the generated top-level file (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex`) fail to compile. For instance, some journals’ `.bst` files define a `\doi` command which does not handle DOIs with underscores. Moreover, the custom BIBTEX file may contain `\href` or `\url` commands and thus rely on these commands to be available, which is not the case for some journal templates unless, e. g., the user explicitly loads the `hyperref.sty` package (through `preamble:`).

**6.2. Compatibility level `minimal`.** This compatibility level ensures a minimal degree of compatibility between the journal’s template and the user’s

L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code. For illustration purposes, here are some issues and fixes which get applied for some templates in compatibility level `minimal`:

- Rudimentary `\href` and `\url` commands are provided at the beginning of the document. In case those commands already exist they will not be overwritten.
- In case the journal's `.bst` file causes the definition of a `\doi` command to be written into the `.bbl` file which does not handle underscores, that `\doi` command is replaced by an improved version.
- Settings related to `latin1` encodings are overridden by the `utf8` encoding.

**6.3. Compatibility level packages.** Among the hundreds of available L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X packages, some will likely cause issues with some of the journal templates. It is not our intention to track let alone fix all possible incompatibilities that might occur. Instead, we make it our goal to ensure compatibility with the following, frequently used packages:

- `inputenc.sty`, specifically `\usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}`
- `fontenc.sty`, specifically `\usepackage[T1]{fontenc}`
- `changes.sty`
- `mathtools.sty` and thus `amsmath.sty`
- `tikz.sty`
- `hyperref.sty`
- `cleveref.sty`

Clearly, this selection of these packages is subjective and expresses the author's own preferences.

In case your favorite package is not listed above, this does not necessarily mean that tweaking is required to make it function with the templates you intend to use. On the other hand, the packages listed above are being systematically tested for compatibility with all templates provided by the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE when the compatibility setting `packages` is used.

The compatibility level `packages` includes all settings made in compatibility level `minimal`.

It is important to mention that none of the above packages are loaded automatically by any generated top-level file (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex`). In case you would like to use a package, you will have to specify the respective command such as `\usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}` through the `preamble:` key of the `.yaml` data file.

For illustration purposes, here are some issues and corresponding fixes which get applied for some templates in compatibility level `packages`:

- The `\todo` and `\comment` commands or environments are reset to undefined since the `changes.sty` package defines its own commands with the same name.
- The `program.sty` package loaded by some of the `.cls` files makes `|` an active character, which causes `tikz.sty` to fail loading and consequently all packages relying on `tikz.sty`, including `changes.sty`.<sup>8</sup> Therefore, the role of `|` needs to be reset outside of `program` environments.
- A `part` counter needs to be defined for compatibility with `cleveref.sty`.<sup>9</sup>
- The `\fpage` (reference to first page) needs to be redefined when `hyperref.sty` is used.<sup>10</sup>

**6.4. Compatibility level changes.** This compatibility level is meant to facilitate the use of the `changes.sty` package, which can be used to highlight changes in a manuscript. When this compatibility level is enabled, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code is automatically inserted into the generated top-level file (such as `manuscript-sinum.tex`) which configures every author of the manuscript via an appropriate `\definechangesauthor` commands, provided that the `changes.sty` actually has been loaded by the user.

For instance,

```
authors:
- givenname: Lisa M.
  familyname: Simpson
  tag: LMS
  color: blue
```

will result in the following command to be inserted into the top-level file's preamble:

```
\definechangesauthor[name={Lisa M. Simpson}, color={blue}]{LMS}
```

Consequently, commands such as

```
\added[id=LMS]{added text}
\deleted[id=LMS]{deleted text}
\replaced[id=LMS]{new text}{old text}
```

<sup>8</sup><https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/619280/>

<sup>9</sup><https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/482167/>

<sup>10</sup><https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/371955/>

will then be available. Please refer to the documentation of the `changes.sty` package for more information on how to use these commands.

Note that selecting the compatibility level `changes` does not actively load the `changes.sty` package. You will still need to request it, e.g., via

```
latex:
  preamble: |-
    \usepackage{changes}
```

in your `.yaml` data file. Also, you can set the color for anonymous markups in this way:

```
latex:
  preamble: |-
    \usepackage[defaultcolor = orange!80!black]{changes}
```

Note also that the `changes.sty` package honors the `final` document class option, so when you specify

```
latex:
  documentclassoptions:
    - final
```

all markup from the `changes.sty` package will be suppressed.

When no `color` is specified for an author, the next color out of a palette of fallback colors will be used. Color specification is possible within the limits of the `\definechangesauthor` command, which in turn uses `xcolor.sty`'s command `\colorlet`. Consequently, color specifications as in

```
authors:
  - color: blue!80!black
```

are valid. Also, you can define custom colors in the preamble, e.g.,

```
latex:
  preamble: |-
    \definecolor{myorange}{HTML}{EE7733}
```

and use them as an author's markup color:

```
authors:
  - color: myorange
```

Finally, in order to access, for instance, `xcolor.sty`'s `CornflowerBlue` color, you could add

```

latex:
  preamble: |-
    \PassOptionsToPackage{svgnames}{xcolor}

```

to your `.yaml` data file and use

```

authors:
  - color: CornflowerBlue

```

**6.5. Compatibility level theorems.** The compatibility level `theorems` is used to provide a set of theorem-like environments for each template. Moreover, we make sure that these environments are supported by the `cleveref.sty` package (although this package is not loaded automatically and should be requested through the `preamble:` setting in your `.yaml` data file if desired). The theorem-like environments provided are

- `assumption`
- `corollary`
- `definition`
- `example`
- `lemma`
- `proposition`
- `remark`
- `theorem`

as well as their starred variants `assumption*`, `corollary*`, `definition*`, `example*`, `lemma*`, `proposition*`, `remark*`, `theorem*`. The policy of implementation is to try and depart as little as possible from the way the `.cls` file of the template provided by the respective publisher handles theorem-like environments. This implies that for some templates, all theorem-like environments share a common counter (e.g., Definition 1 may be followed by Theorem 2), while for others, they are numbered independently (e.g., Definition 1 is followed by Theorem 1). Moreover, for some templates, theorem-like environments are numbered per section (e.g., Theorem 3.1), while for others they are not. In some cases, unnumbered theorem-like environments are not available, and then the starred environments are mapped to their respective numbered counterparts.

**6.6. Compatibility level testing.** This compatibility level is meant to be used to facilitate the testing of templates. It is of no particular use during production. For instance, it turns off the two-column layout in some templates, which otherwise may impede the verification of the list of references.



## 7. BEST PRACTICES

- (1) It is recommended to place your preamble in a separate file, e.g., `manuscript.sty`, and specify

```
latex:
  preamble: |-
    \usepackage{manuscript}
```

in the data file `manuscript.yaml`. This avoids the need to re-run `ste prepare` whenever you need to make changes to your preamble, e.g., add a package.

- (2) When writing the first draft of a manuscript, you may prefer to use a template which uses `BIBLATEX` rather than `BIBTEX`, such as the `amspreprint` template. This way, references you add to the `.bib` file (such as `manuscript.bib`, as specified through the `bibfiles:` setting) will immediately be available and do not require a pass of `ste prepare`.

By contrast, when you are writing using a `BIBTEX` based template, you will either want to use `ste prepare` with the `--nocustombib` switch<sup>11</sup>, or else you will have to re-run `ste prepare` every time you `\cite` a new reference in order to re-create the `BIBTEX` file customized to the journal's `.bst` file.

- (3) Some journals' `.cls` files load packages that you would also like to use. In order to avoid `! LaTeX Error: Option clash for package` messages, use `\PassOptionsToPackage` to pass any options you wish this package to use through the `prepreamble`:

```
latex:
  prepreamble: |-
    \PassOptionsToPackage{<options>}{<package>}
```

and then make sure the package gets loaded through the `preamble`:

```
latex:
  preamble: |-
    \usepackage{<package>}
```

---

<sup>11</sup>As described in [Section 5](#), this results in the `.bib` file (such as `manuscript.bib`, as specified through the `bibfiles:` setting) to be used directly, instead of the custom `.bib` file generated from it. This may cause issues in case your `.bib` entries contain features not supported by the journal's `.bst` file)

Since a package gets loaded only once, the `\usepackage` command will be ignored in case the journal's `.cls` file already loads the package.

- (4) The available text width can vary widely between journals. When formatting a manuscript for various outlets simultaneously, it may therefore be necessary to fine-tune breaks in formulas etc. If you wish to format your manuscript to look decent with several templates at once (such as the `amspreprint` template and a journal template), conditional formatting sometimes comes in handy. Conditional formatting takes decisions based on the `.cls` file loaded.<sup>12</sup> Here is an example of such a construction for an equation which fits on a single line in the `cocv` template (which uses the document class `cocv.cls`), but requires a line break in templates based on the `svjour3.cls` document class.

```
\makeatletter
\ltx@ifclassloaded{cocv}{%
\begin{equation}
...
\end{equation}
}%
\ltx@ifclassloaded{svjour3}{%
\begin{multline}
... \\
...
\end{multline}
}%
\makeatother
```

You will need to add `\usepackage{ltxcmds}` to your `preamble`: in order for the command `\ltx@ifclassloaded` to be available.

- (5) When you are writing a manuscript together with co-authors who are not using the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE themselves, it is up to you to generate the top-level `.tex` and `.bib` files and share them. When you are using a version control system, put the generated top-level files under version control too. This makes it easy to spot if a co-author accidentally edits those generated files manually, instead of updating the `.yaml` data file and re-running `ste prepare`.
- (6) When you find yourself needing to pass lots of arguments to `ste`, such as

---

<sup>12</sup>Of course, conditional formatting can be based on criteria other than the `.cls` file as well.

```
ste prepare --template amspreprint --outdir build \
--prefix paper --nosuffix
```

then you may prefer to configure these settings in the `.yaml` data file instead, e. g.,

```
control:
  template: preprint
  outdir: build
  prefix: paper
  nosuffix: True
```

Subsequently, you can simply say

```
ste prepare
```

and still override the settings from the command line if needed.

## 8. CONTRIBUTING

If you are using the SCOOP TEMPLATE ENGINE, I would like to hear from you at [roland.herzog@iwr.uni-heidelberg.de](mailto:roland.herzog@iwr.uni-heidelberg.de). If you would like to help make it better, there are various ways in which you can contribute.

- (1) You may file bug reports and feature requests via <https://gitlab.com/scoopgroup-public/scoop-template-engine/-/issues>.
- (2) You may fork the project from <https://gitlab.com/scoopgroup-public/scoop-template-engine>, make improvements yourself, and send a merge request.

## 9. KNOWN ISSUES, LIMITATIONS

- (1) The `date` is currently honored only by few templates.
- (2) There is no support to provide and typeset an `ORCID` yet.
- (3) There is no support yet to provide a unified choice of packages for the typesetting of algorithms, such as `algpseudocode` and `algorithm2e`.
- (4) Templates are currently tested with `pdflatex` on the  $\text{\TeX}$  Live 2022 distribution only, but should work also on  $\text{\TeX}$  Live 2019 and later. There is currently no support for `xelatex` or other  $\text{\TeX}$  engines. Some templates do compile with `xelatex`, but not all of them.

- (5) Funding and dedication information is currently in the scope of the entire manuscript, not on a per-author basis.
- (6) There is currently no support for journals operating a double-blind peer review process.
- (7) There is currently no support to typeset research highlights, which some journals require authors to explicitly list.
- (8) Author biographies and pictures, which some journals offer to include, are not yet supported.

In case you encounter further problems, please create an issue at <https://gitlab.com/scoopgroup-public/scoop-template-engine/-/issues>.

## 10. LIST OF TEMPLATES

The following table lists all 377 templates currently supported. The table is sorted by `Journal Name`.

- The `Template` column contains the name of the respective template. This is how a template is specified in

```
ste prepare --template ...
```

or when using the

```
control:
  template: ...
```

setting in the data file.

- The `BibLaTeX` column indicates whether the respective template processes `.bib` files using `BIBLaTeX` or `BIBTeX`.
  - \* means `BIBLaTeX` is used; see [Section 5.1](#) for details.
  - means that `BIBTeX` is used. This implies that `ste prepare` will create a custom `BIBTeX` file (unless the `--nocustombib` or `--nobib` option is given); see [Section 5.2](#) for details.
- The `Journal Name` column contains the full name of the journal the respective template is meant for.
- The `Template Location` column shows where the respective template resides.
- The `Type` column shows the type of template.

**F** means that the template is a regular file.

**L** means that the template is a symbolic link (i.e., identical to some other file-type template).

Template	Br <sub>2</sub> TeX	Journal Name	Template Location	Type
aabmb	-	ACS Applied Bio Materials	manuscripts/ACS/template-aabmb.tex	L
aaembp	-	ACS Applied Electronic Materials	manuscripts/ACS/template-aaembp.tex	L
aaemcq	-	ACS Applied Energy Materials	manuscripts/ACS/template-aaemcq.tex	L
aa	-	Analysis and Applications	manuscripts/WorldScientific/aa/template-aa.tex	F
aamick	-	ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces	manuscripts/ACS/template-aamick.tex	L
aam	-	Advances in Applied Mathematics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-aam.tex	L
aamf6	-	ACS Applied Nano Materials	manuscripts/ACS/template-aamf6.tex	L
aapmcd	-	ACS Applied Polymer Materials	manuscripts/ACS/template-aapmcd.tex	L
aastgj	-	ACS Agricultural Science & Technology	manuscripts/ACS/template-aastgj.tex	L
abmbc8	-	ACS Bio & Med Chem Au	manuscripts/ACS/template-abmbc8.tex	L
abseba	-	ACS Biomaterials Science & Engineering	manuscripts/ACS/template-abseba.tex	L
acbcct	-	ACS Chemical Biology	manuscripts/ACS/template-acbcct.tex	L
accacs	-	ACS Catalysis	manuscripts/ACS/template-accacs.tex	L
acdm	-	Advances in Continuous and Discrete Models	manuscripts/Springer/bmcart.cls/template-acdm.tex	F
acha	-	Applied and Computational Harmonic Analysis	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-acha.tex	L
achre4	-	Accounts of Chemical Research	manuscripts/ACS/template-achre4.tex	L
achsc5	-	ACS Chemical Health & Safety	manuscripts/ACS/template-achsc5.tex	L
acncdm	-	ACS Chemical Neuroscience	manuscripts/ACS/template-acncdm.tex	L
acom	-	Advances in Computational Mathematics	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-acom.tex	L
acscoc	-	ACS Combinatorial Science	manuscripts/ACS/template-acscoc.tex	L
acscil	-	ACS Central Science	manuscripts/ACS/template-acscil.tex	L
acsodf	-	ACS Omega	manuscripts/ACS/template-acsof.tex	L
acvar	*	Advances in Calculus of Variations	manuscripts/DeGruyter/acvar/template-acvar.tex	L
advengsoft	-	Advances in Engineering Software	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-advengsoft.tex	L
aeacb3	-	ACS Engineering	manuscripts/ACS/template-aeacb3.tex	L
aeacc4	-	ACS Environmental Au	manuscripts/ACS/template-aeacc4.tex	L
aeecco	-	ACS ES&I Engineering	manuscripts/ACS/template-aeecco.tex	L
aellcp	-	ACS Energy Letters	manuscripts/ACS/template-aellcp.tex	L
aescoc	-	ACS Earth and Space Chemistry	manuscripts/ACS/template-aescoc.tex	L
aewcaa	-	ACS ES&I Water	manuscripts/ACS/template-aewcaa.tex	L
afsthl	-	ACS Food Science & Technology	manuscripts/ACS/template-afsthl.tex	L
ag	*	Algebraic Geometry	manuscripts/EMS/ag/template-ag.tex	L
aidcbc	-	ACS Infectious Diseases	manuscripts/ACS/template-aidcbc.tex	L
aim	-	Advances in Mathematics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-aim.tex	L
amacgu	-	ACS Materials Au	manuscripts/ACS/template-amacgu.tex	L
amachv	-	ACS Measurement Science Au	manuscripts/ACS/template-amachv.tex	L
amc	-	Applied Mathematics and Computation	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-amc.tex	L
amclct	-	ACS Medicinal Chemistry Letters	manuscripts/ACS/template-amclct.tex	L
amcom	-	Advances in Mathematics of Communications	manuscripts/AIMS/template-amcom.tex	L
amlccd	-	ACS Macro Letters	manuscripts/ACS/template-amlccd.tex	L
amlcef	-	ACS Materials Letters	manuscripts/ACS/template-amlcef.tex	L
aml	-	Applied Mathematics Letters	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-aml.tex	L
amo	-	Applied Mathematics & Optimization	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-amot.tex	L

Template	Br <sub>ATEX</sub>	Journal Name	Template Location	Type
amrcda	-	Accounts of Materials Research	manuscripts/ACS/template-amrcda.tex	L
amspreprint	*	amsart preprint	manuscripts/scoop/template-amspreprint.tex	F
anacxx	-	ACS Nanoscience Au	manuscripts/ACS/template-anacxx.tex	L
anacac3	-	ACS Nano	manuscripts/ACS/template-anacac3.tex	L
ancham	-	Analytical Chemistry	manuscripts/ACS/template-ancham.tex	L
aoiab5	-	ACS Organic & Inorganic Au	manuscripts/ACS/template-aoiab5.tex	L
apaccd	-	ACS Polymers Au	manuscripts/ACS/template-apaccd.tex	L
apa	-	Applicable Analysis	manuscripts/TaylorAndFrancis/template-apa.tex	L
apal	-	Annals of Pure and Applied Logic	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-apal.tex	L
apacch	-	ACS Physical Chemistry Au	manuscripts/ACS/template-apacch.tex	L
apchd5	-	ACS Photonics	manuscripts/ACS/template-apchd5.tex	L
apm	-	Applied Mathematical Modelling	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-apm.tex	L
apnum	-	Applied Numerical Mathematics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-apnum.tex	L
aptsfn	-	ACS Pharmacology & Translational Science	manuscripts/ACS/template-apsfn.tex	L
arcontrol	-	Annual Reviews in Control	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-arcontrol.tex	L
array	-	Array	manuscripts/ACS/template-array.tex	L
asbcd6	-	ACS Synthetic Biology	manuscripts/ACS/template-asbcd6.tex	L
ascecg	-	ACS Sustainable Chemistry & Engineering	manuscripts/ACS/template-ascecg.tex	L
ascefj	-	ACS Sensors	manuscripts/ACS/template-ascefj.tex	L
bbiici	*	Bioinspiration & Biomimetics	manuscripts/IOP/template-bbiici.tex	L
bcches	-	Bioconjugate Chemistry	manuscripts/ACS/template-bcches.tex	L
bcrn	-	Blockchain: Research and Applications	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-bcrn.tex	L
bdr	-	Big Data Research	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-bdr.tex	L
bica	-	Biologically Inspired Cognitive Architecture	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-bica.tex	L
bichaw	-	Biochemistry	manuscripts/ACS/template-bichaw.tex	L
biofn	*	Biofabrication	manuscripts/IOP/template-biofn.tex	L
bit	-	BIT Numerical Mathematics	manuscripts/Springer/bit/template-bit.tex	F
bmbucs	*	Biomedical Materials	manuscripts/IOP/template-bmbucs.tex	L
bomaf6	-	Biomacromolecule//	manuscripts/ACS/template-bomaf6.tex	L
bpeeae	*	Biomedical Physics & Engineering Express	manuscripts/IOP/template-bpeeae.tex	L
brain	-	Brain Multiphysics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-brain.tex	L
bulsci	-	Bulletin des Sciences Mathématiques	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-bulsci.tex	L
bvp	-	Boundary Value Problems	manuscripts/Springer/bvart.cls/template-bvp.tex	L
cad	-	Computer-Aided Design	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-cad.tex	L
calcolo	-	Calcolo	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-calcolo.tex	L
camcos	-	Communications on Applied Mathematics and Computation	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-brain.tex	L
cam	-	Journal of Computational and Applied Mathematics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-bulsci.tex	L
camwa	-	Computers & Mathematics with Applications	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-camcos.tex	L
cgdefu	-	Crystal Growth & Design	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-cam.tex	L
chaos	-	Chaos, Solitons & Fractals	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-camva.tex	L
chreay	-	Chemical Reviews	manuscripts/ACS/template-cgdefu.tex	L
cma	-	Computer Methods in Applied Mechanics and Engineering	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-chaos.tex	L
cmam	*	Computational Methods in Applied Mathematics	manuscripts/DeGruyter/cmam/template-cmam.tex	F

Template	Brillix	Journal Name	Template Location	Type
cmatex	-	Chemistry of Materials	manuscripts/ACS/template-cmatex.tex	L
cm	-	Computational Mechanics	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-cm.tex	L
cnsm	-	Communications in Nonlinear Science and Numerical Simulation	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-cnsm.tex	L
coam	-	Computational and Applied Mathematics	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-coam.tex	L
coop	-	Computational Optimization and Applications	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-coop.tex	L
cocom	-	Computational Condensed Matter	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-cocom.tex	L
cocv	-	Control, Optimisation and Calculus of Variations	manuscripts/ESAM/cocv/template-cocv.tex	F
coisb	-	Current Opinion in Systems Biology	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-coisb.tex	L
cola	-	Journal of Computer Languages	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-cola.tex	L
congeo	-	Computational Geometry	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-congeo.tex	L
commatsci	-	Computational Materials Science	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-commatsci.tex	L
compgeo	-	Computers and Geotechnics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-compgeo.tex	L
compstruc	-	Computers & Structures	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-compstruc.tex	L
conengprac	-	Control Engineering Practice	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-conengprac.tex	L
cosrev	-	Computer Science Review	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-cosrev.tex	L
cpaa	-	Communications on Pure & Applied Analysis	manuscripts/AIMS/template-cpaa.tex	L
cpc	-	Computer Physics Communications	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-cpc.tex	L
cqgrdg	*	Classical and Quantum Gravity	manuscripts/IOP/template-cqgrdg.tex	L
crelle	-	Journal für die reine und angewandte Mathematik	manuscripts/DeGruyter/crelle/template-crelle.tex	F
crtoec	-	Chemical Research in Toxicology	manuscripts/ACS/template-crtoec.tex	L
csda	-	Computational Statistics & Data Analysis	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-csda.tex	L
csfx	-	Chaos, Solitons & Fractals: X	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-csfx.tex	L
csl	-	Computer Speech and Language	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-csl.tex	L
cvpde	-	Calculus of Variations and Partial Differential Equations	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-cvpde.tex	L
dajour	-	Decision Analytics Journal	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-dajour.tex	L
dam	-	Discrete Applied Mathematics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-dam.tex	L
dark	-	Physics of the Dark Universe	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-dark.tex	L
dcds-b	-	Discrete & Continuous Dynamical Systems Series B	manuscripts/AIMS/template-dcdd-b.tex	L
dcdd	-	Discrete & Continuous Dynamical Systems	manuscripts/AIMS/template-dcdd-s.tex	L
dcdd-s	-	Discrete & Continuous Dynamical Systems Series S	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-dcdd-s.tex	L
dgg	-	Discrete & Computational Geometry	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-dgg.tex	L
difgeo	-	Differential Geometry and its Applications	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-difgeo.tex	L
disc	-	Discrete Mathematics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-disc.tex	L
disopt	-	Discrete Optimization	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-disopt.tex	L
dmab7	*	2D Materials	manuscripts/IOP/template-dmatb7.tex	L
ecocom	-	Ecological Complexity	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-ecocom.tex	L
ecolmodel	-	Ecological Modelling	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-ecolmodel.tex	L
ecosta	-	Econometrics and Statistics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-ecosta.tex	L
eect	-	Evolution Equations & Control Theory	manuscripts/AIMS/template-eect.tex	L
ejc	-	European Journal of Combinatorics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-ejc.tex	L
ejor	-	European Journal of Operational Research	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-ejor.tex	L
ejphd4	*	European Journal of Physics	manuscripts/IOP/template-ejphd4.tex	L
ejssbg	*	ECS Journal of Solid State Science and Technology	manuscripts/IOP/template-ejssbg.tex	L



Template	BratEx	Journal Name	Template Location	Type
em	*	Elemente der Mathematik	manuscripts/EMS/em/template-em.tex	L
enuem	-	Energy & Fuels	manuscripts/ACS/template-enuem.tex	L
enganabound	-	Engineering Analysis with Boundary Elements	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-enganabound.tex	L
engappai	-	Engineering Applications of Artificial Intelligence	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-engappai.tex	L
eno	-	Engineering Optimization	manuscripts/TaylorAndFrancis/template-eno.tex	L
erc	*	Environmental Research Communications	manuscripts/IDP/template-erc.tex	L
erc1	*	Environmental Research: Climate	manuscripts/IDP/template-erc1.tex	L
ere	*	Environmental Research: Ecology	manuscripts/IDP/template-ere.tex	L
erenbl	*	Engineering Research Express	manuscripts/IDP/template-erenbl.tex	L
erh	*	Environmental Research: Health	manuscripts/IDP/template-erh.tex	L
erisal	*	Environmental Research: Infrastructure and Sustainability	manuscripts/IDP/template-erisal.tex	L
erinal	*	Environmental Research Letters	manuscripts/IDP/template-erinal.tex	L
estlac	*	Electronic Structure	manuscripts/IDP/template-estlac.tex	L
esthag	-	Environmental Science & Technology	manuscripts/ACS/template-esthag.tex	L
estluc	-	Environmental Science & Technology Letters	manuscripts/ACS/template-estluc.tex	L
etna	-	Electronic Transactions on Numerical Analysis	manuscripts/etna/template-etna.tex	F
exco	-	Examples and Counterexamples	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-exco.tex	L
exmath	-	Expositiones Mathematicae	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-exmath.tex	L
fams	-	Control, Optimisation and Calculus of Variations	manuscripts/Frontiers/template-fams.tex	F
fcsuah	*	Functional Composites and Structures	manuscripts/IDP/template-fcsuah.tex	L
ffa	-	Finite Fields and Their Applications	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-ffa.tex	L
finel	-	Finite Elements in Analysis and Design	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-finel.tex	L
focm	-	Foundations of Computational Mathematics	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-focm.tex	L
fods	-	Foundations of Data Science	manuscripts/AIMS/template-fods.tex	L
fpelab	*	Flexible and Printed Electronics	manuscripts/IDP/template-fpelab.tex	L
fss	-	Fuzzy Sets and Systems	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-fss.tex	L
gamm	-	GAMM Mitteilungen	manuscripts/Wiley/gamm/template-gamm.tex	F
geb	-	Games and Economic Behavior	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-geb.tex	L
geomphys	-	Journal of Geometry and Physics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-geomphys.tex	L
gmod	-	Graphical Models	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-gmod.tex	L
hcc	-	High-Confidence Computing	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-hcc.tex	L
health	-	Healthcare Analytics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-health.tex	L
heliyon	-	Heliyon	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-heliyon.tex	L
ic	-	Information and Computation	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-ic.tex	L
iecred	-	Industrial & Engineering Chemistry Research	manuscripts/ACS/template-iecred.tex	F
ifac	-	IFAC-PapersOnline	manuscripts/Elsevier/ifac/template-ifac.tex	F
ijcga	-	International Journal of Computational Geometry and Applications	manuscripts/WorldScientific/ijcga/template-ijcga.tex	F
ijcm	-	International Journal of Computational Methods	manuscripts/WorldScientific/ijcm/template-ijcm.tex	F
ijemkf	*	International Journal of Extreme Manufacturing	manuscripts/IDP/template-ijemkf.tex	L
ijforecast	-	International Journal of Forecasting	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-ijforecast.tex	L
ijot	-	International Journal of Thermophysics	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-ijot.tex	L
ijuq	-	International Journal for Uncertainty Quantification	manuscripts/Begell/ijuq/template-ijuq.tex	F
imanum	-	IMA Journal of Numerical Analysis	manuscripts/OxfordAcademic/imanum/template-imanum.tex	F

Template	Br <sub>TeX</sub>	Journal Name	Template Location	Type
ime	-	Insurance: Mathematics and Economics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-ime.tex	L
indag	-	Indagationes Mathematicae	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-indag.tex	L
inge	-	Information Geometry	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-inge.tex	L
inocaj	-	Inorganic Chemistry	manuscripts/ACS/template-inocaj.tex	L
ins	-	Information Sciences	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-ins.tex	L
ipi	-	Inverse Problems and Imaging	manuscripts/AIMS/template-ipi.tex	L
ip	*	Inverse Problems	manuscripts/ITOP/template-ip.tex	L
ipl	-	Information Processing Letters	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-ipl.tex	L
isocm	*	ITOP SciNotes	manuscripts/ITOP/template-isocm.tex	L
jaaur	-	JACS Au	manuscripts/ACS/template-jaaur.tex	L
jaca	-	Journal of Computational Algebra	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jaca.tex	L
jacsat	-	Journal of the American Chemical Society	manuscripts/ACS/template-jacsat.tex	L
jauc	-	Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry	manuscripts/ACS/template-jauc.tex	L
jalg	-	Journal of Algebra	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jalg.tex	L
jamef	-	Journal of the American Society for Mass Spectrometry	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jamef.tex	L
jat	-	Journal of Approximation Theory	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jat.tex	L
jbrob	*	Journal of Breath Research	manuscripts/ITOP/template-jbrob.tex	L
jcapb	*	Journal of Cosmology and Astroparticle Physics	manuscripts/ITOP/template-jcapb.tex	L
jcd	-	Journal of Computational Dynamics	manuscripts/ITOP/template-jcd.tex	L
jcea	-	Journal of Chemical & Engineering Data	manuscripts/ACS/template-jcea.tex	L
jceda8	-	Journal of Chemical Education	manuscripts/ACS/template-jceda8.tex	L
jcsd8	-	Journal of Chemical Information and Modeling	manuscripts/ACS/template-jcsd8.tex	L
jcmds	-	Journal of Computational Mathematics and Data Science	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jcmds.tex	L
jco	-	Journal of Complexity	manuscripts/ITOP/template-jco.tex	L
jcomel	*	Journal of Physics: Condensed Matter	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jcomel.tex	L
jcp	-	Journal of Computational Physics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jcp.tex	L
jcpx	-	Journal of Computational Physics: X	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jcpx.tex	L
jcss	-	Journal of Computer and System Sciences	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jcss.tex	L
jcta	-	Journal of Combinatorial Theory, Series A	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jcta.tex	L
jctb	-	Journal of Combinatorial Theory, Series B	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jctb.tex	L
jctcce	-	Journal of Chemical Theory and Computation	manuscripts/ACS/template-jctcce.tex	L
jde	-	Journal of Differential Equations	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jde.tex	L
jdg	-	The Journal of Dynamics and Games	manuscripts/AIMS/template-jdg.tex	L
jebo	-	Journal of Economic Behavior & Organization	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jebo.tex	L
jeconom	-	Journal of Econometrics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jeconom.tex	L
jedc	-	Journal of Economic Dynamics and Control	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jedc.tex	L
jet	-	Journal of Economic Theory	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jet.tex	L
jfa	-	Journal of Functional Analysis	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jfa.tex	L
jfranklin	-	Journal of The Franklin Institute	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jfranklin.tex	L
jgm	-	The Journal of Geometric Mechanics	manuscripts/AIMS/template-jgm.tex	L
jia	-	Journal of Inequalities and Applications	manuscripts/Springer/bmcart.cls/template-jia.tex	L
jimo	-	Journal of Industrial & Management Optimization	manuscripts/ITOP/template-jimo.tex	L
jionas	*	Journal of Instrumentation	manuscripts/ITOP/template-jionas.tex	L

Template	Br <sub>ATEX</sub>	Journal Name	Template Location	Type
jip	*	Journal of Inverse and Ill-posed Problems	manuscripts/DeGruyter/jip/template-jip.tex	L
jlamp	-	Journal of Logical and Algebraic Methods in Programming	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jlamp.tex	L
jmaa	-	Journal of Mathematical Analysis and Applications	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jmaa.tex	L
jmateco	-	Journal of Mathematical Economics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jmateco.tex	L
jmcmar	-	Journal of Medicinal Chemistry	manuscripts/ACS/template-jmcmar.tex	L
jmi	-	Journal of Mathematics in Industry	manuscripts/Springer/bmcart.cls/template-jmi.tex	L
jmv	-	Journal of Mathematical Imaging and Vision	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-jmv.tex	F
jmmiez	*	Journal of Micromechanics and Microengineering	manuscripts/IDP/template-jmmiez.tex	L
jnieiez	*	Journal of Neural Engineering	manuscripts/IDP/template-jnieiez.tex	L
jnm	*	Journal of Numerical Mathematics	manuscripts/DeGruyter/jnm/template-jnm.tex	L
jnrpdf	-	Journal of Natural Products	manuscripts/ACS/template-jnrpdf.tex	L
jnsao	-	Journal of Nonsmooth Analysis and Optimization	manuscripts/Jnsao/template-jnsao.tex	F
jnt	-	Journal of Number Theory	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jnt.tex	L
joceah	-	The Journal of Organic Chemistry	manuscripts/ACS/template-joceah.tex	L
jocsci	-	Journal of Computational Science	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jocsci.tex	L
jogo	-	Journal of Global Optimization	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-jogo.tex	L
joopca	*	Journal of Optics	manuscripts/IDP/template-joopca.tex	L
jota	-	Journal of Optimization Theory and Applications	manuscripts/Springer/jota/template-jota.tex	F
jpa	-	Journal of Pure and Applied Algebra	manuscripts/IDP/template-jpamb5.tex	L
jpamb5	*	Journal of Physics A: Mathematical and Theoretical	manuscripts/IDP/template-jpamb5.tex	L
jpapbe	*	Journal of Physics D: Applied Physics	manuscripts/IDP/template-jpapbe.tex	L
jpapbh	*	Journal of Physics B: Atomic, Molecular and Optical Physics	manuscripts/IDP/template-jpapbh.tex	L
jpcafh	-	The Journal of Physical Chemistry A	manuscripts/ACS/template-jpcafh.tex	L
jpccbk	-	The Journal of Physical Chemistry B	manuscripts/ACS/template-jpccbk.tex	L
jpccck	-	The Journal of Physical Chemistry C	manuscripts/ACS/template-jpccck.tex	L
jplcd	-	The Journal of Physical Chemistry Letters	manuscripts/ACS/template-jplcd.tex	L
jpcopf	*	Journal of Physics Communications	manuscripts/IDP/template-jpcopf.tex	L
jpcoqg	*	Journal of Physics: Complexity	manuscripts/IDP/template-jpcogq.tex	L
jpeoey	*	Journal of Physics: Energy	manuscripts/IDP/template-jpeoey.tex	L
jpped	*	Journal of Physics G: Nuclear and Particle Physics	manuscripts/IDP/template-jpped.tex	L
jpoc4	*	Journal of Physics: Materials	manuscripts/IDP/template-jpmoc4.tex	L
jppokr	*	Journal of Physics: Photonics	manuscripts/IDP/template-jppokr.tex	L
jprobs	-	Journal of Proteome Research	manuscripts/ACS/template-jprobs.tex	L
jprocont	-	Journal of Process Control	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jprocont.tex	L
jprea	*	Journal of Radiological Protection	manuscripts/IDP/template-jprea.tex	L
jsc	-	Journal of Scientific Computing	manuscripts/Springer/svjour3.cls/template-jsc.tex	F
jsmtc6	*	Journal of Statistical Mechanics: Theory and Experiment	manuscripts/IDP/template-jsmtc6.tex	L
jspi	-	Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jspi.tex	L
jsymbc	-	Journal of Symbolic Computation	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-jsymbc.tex	L
juq	-	SIAM/ASA Journal on Uncertainty Quantification	manuscripts/SIAMOnline/template-juq.tex	L
krm	-	Kinetic & Related Models	manuscripts/AIMS/template-krm.tex	L
laa	-	Linear Algebra and its Applications	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-laa.tex	L
langd5	-	Langmuir	manuscripts/ACS/template-langd5.tex	L

Template	BibTeX	Journal Name	Template Location	Type
m2an	-	Mathematical Modelling and Numerical Analysis	manuscripts/ESAIM/m2an/template-m2an.tex	F
m3as	-	Mathematical Models and Methods in Applied Sciences	manuscripts/WorIdScientific/m3as/template-m3as.tex	F
mana	-	Mathematische Annalen	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-mana.tex	L
mafeb2	*	Methods and Applications in Fluorescence	manuscripts/IDP/template-mafeb2.tex	L
manobx	-	Macromolecules	manuscripts/ACS/template-manobx.tex	L
matcom	-	Mathematics and Computers in Simulation	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-matcom.tex	L
mathbio	-	Journal of Mathematical Biology	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-mathbio.tex	L
mathprog	-	Mathematical Programming	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-mathprog.tex	L
matpur	-	Journal de Mathématiques Pures et Appliquées	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-matpur.tex	L
mbs	-	Mathematical Biosciences	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-mbs.tex	L
mcom	-	Mathematics of Computation	manuscripts/AMS/mcom/template-mcom.tex	F
mcrf	-	Mathematical Control & Related Fields	manuscripts/AIMS/template-mcrf.tex	F
mfc	-	Mathematical Foundations of Computing	manuscripts/AIMS/template-mfc.tex	L
mlstck	*	Machine Learning: Science and Technology	manuscripts/IDP/template-mlstck.tex	L
mlwa	-	Machine Learning with Applications	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-mlwa.tex	L
mna	-	Mathematical Methods in the Applied Sciences	manuscripts/Wiley/mna/template-mna.tex	F
mmor	-	Mathematical Methods of Operations Research	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-mmor.tex	L
mms	-	Multiscale Modeling and Simulation	manuscripts/SIAM/template-mms.tex	L
mmuabd	*	Multifunctional Materials	manuscripts/IDP/template-mmuabd.tex	L
mpc	-	Mathematical Programming Computation	manuscripts/Springer/svjour3.cls/template-mpc.tex	L
mpohbp	-	Molecular Pharmaceutics	manuscripts/ACS/template-mpohbp.tex	L
mqtaaz	*	Materials for Quantum Technology	manuscripts/IDP/template-mqtaaz.tex	L
mreac3	*	Materials Research Express	manuscripts/IDP/template-mreac3.tex	L
ms	-	Mathematical Sciences	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-ms.tex	L
msmeeu	*	Modelling and Simulation in Materials Science and Engineering	manuscripts/IDP/template-msmeeu.tex	L
mss	-	Mathematical Social Sciences	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-mss.tex	L
mstcep	*	Measurement Science and Technology	manuscripts/IDP/template-mstcep.tex	L
mtrgau	*	Metrologia	manuscripts/IDP/template-mtrgau.tex	L
naco	-	Numerical Algebra, Control and Optimization	manuscripts/AIMS/template-naco.tex	L
nahs	-	Nonlinear Analysis: Hybrid Systems	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-nahs.tex	L
nalefd	-	Nano Letters	manuscripts/ACS/template-nalefd.tex	L
na	-	Nonlinear Analysis	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-na.tex	L
nanocommet	-	Nano Communication Networks	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-nanocommet.tex	L
nceedn	*	Neuromorphic Computing and Engineering	manuscripts/IDP/template-nceedn.tex	L
neaxa4	*	Nano Express	manuscripts/IDP/template-neaxa4.tex	L
neunet	-	Neural Networks	manuscripts/IDP/template-neunet.tex	L
nfaub3	*	Nano Futures	manuscripts/IDP/template-nfaub3.tex	L
nhm	-	Networks & Heterogeneous Media	manuscripts/AIMS/template-nhm.tex	L
njopfm	*	New Journal of Physics	manuscripts/IDP/template-njopfm.tex	L
nla	-	Numerical Linear Algebra and Applications	manuscripts/Wiley/nla/template-nla.tex	F
nlm	-	International Journal of Non-Linear Mechanics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-nlm.tex	L
nme	-	International Journal for Numerical Methods in Engineering	manuscripts/Wiley/nme/template-nme.tex	F
nnoter	*	Nanotechnology	manuscripts/IDP/template-nnoter.tex	L

Template	Br <sub>ATEX</sub>	Journal Name	Template Location	Type
nonle5	*	Nonlinearity	manuscripts/10P/template-nonle5.tex	L
nonrwa	-	Nonlinear Analysis: Real World Applications	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-nonrwa.tex	L
nppp	-	Nuclear and Particle Physics Proceedings	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-nppp.tex	L
nucclphysb	-	Nuclear Physics B	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-nucclphysb.tex	L
nufuau	*	Nuclear Fusion	manuscripts/10P/template-nufuau.tex	L
numalg	-	Numerical Algorithms	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-numalg.tex	L
numa	-	Numerische Mathematik	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-numa.tex	L
ojmo	-	Open Journal of Mathematical Optimization	manuscripts/CentreMersenne/ojmo/template-ojmo.tex	F
oms	-	Optimization Methods and Software	manuscripts/TaylorAndFrancis/template-oms.tex	L
oprdfk	-	Organic Process Research & Development	manuscripts/ACS/template-oprdfk.tex	L
opte	-	Optimization and Engineering	manuscripts/Springer/svjour3.cls/template-opte.tex	L
opt	-	Optimization	manuscripts/TaylorAndFrancis/template-opt.tex	F
orgnd7	-	Organometallics	manuscripts/ACS/template-orgnd7.tex	L
orlef7	-	Organic Letters	manuscripts/ACS/template-orlef7.tex	L
orl	-	Operations Research Letters	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-orl.tex	L
padiff	-	Partial Differential Equations in Applied Mathematics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-padiff.tex	L
pamm	-	Proceedings in Applied Mathematics and Mechanics	manuscripts/Wiley/pamm/template-pamm.tex	F
patterns	-	Patterns	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-patterns.tex	L
pberb8	*	Progress in Biomedical Engineering	manuscripts/10P/template-pberb8.tex	L
pbiat	*	Physical Biology	manuscripts/10P/template-pbiat.tex	L
pdea	-	Partial Differential Equations and Applications	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-pdea.tex	L
perndg	*	Progress in Energy	manuscripts/10P/template-perndg.tex	L
pheda7	*	Physics Education	manuscripts/10P/template-pheda7.tex	L
phmba7	*	Physics in Medicine & Biology	manuscripts/10P/template-phmba7.tex	L
phstbo	*	Physica Scripta	manuscripts/10P/template-phstbo.tex	L
physa	-	Physica A: Statistical Mechanics and its Applications	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-physa.tex	L
physd	-	Physica D: Nonlinear Phenomena	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-physd.tex	L
physleta	-	Physics Letters A	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-physleta.tex	L
physletb	-	Physics Letters B	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-physletb.tex	L
plrev	-	Physics of Life Reviews	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-plrev.tex	L
pmc	-	Pervasive and Mobile Computing	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-pmc.tex	L
pmeae3	*	Physiological Measurement	manuscripts/10P/template-pmeae3.tex	L
ppcfet	*	Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion	manuscripts/10P/template-ppcfet.tex	L
ppl	-	Parallel Processing Letters	manuscripts/WorldScientific/pp1/template-ppl.tex	F
prelcz	*	Plasma Research Express	manuscripts/10P/template-prelcz.tex	L
pr	-	Pattern Recognition	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-pr.tex	L
psteuu	*	Plasma Sources Science and Technology	manuscripts/10P/template-psteuu.tex	L
qstuah	*	Quantum Science and Technology	manuscripts/10P/template-qstuah.tex	L
red	-	Review of Economic Dynamics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-red.tex	L
rico	-	Results in Control and Optimization	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-rico.tex	L
rinam	-	Results in Applied Mathematics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-rinam.tex	L
rlm	*	Rendiconti Lincei - Matematica e Applicazioni	manuscripts/EMS/rlm/template-rlm.tex	L
rm	-	Results in Mathematics	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-rm.tex	L

Template	BriefTeX	Journal Name	Template Location	Type
rpthag	*	Reports on Progress in Physics	manuscripts/ROP/template-rpthag.tex	L
sasc	-	Systems and Soft Computing	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-sasc.tex	L
siads	-	SIAM Journal on Applied Dynamical Systems	manuscripts/SIAMOnline/template-siads.tex	L
siaga	-	SIAM Journal on Applied Algebra and Geometry	manuscripts/SIAMOnline/template-siaga.tex	L
siap	-	SIAM Journal on Applied Mathematics	manuscripts/SIAM/template-siap.tex	L
sicomp	-	SIAM Journal on Computing	manuscripts/SIAM/template-sicomp.tex	L
sicon	-	SIAM Journal on Control and Optimization	manuscripts/SIAM/template-sicon.tex	L
sidma	-	SIAM Journal on Discrete Mathematics	manuscripts/SIAM/template-sidma.tex	L
sifin	-	SIAM Journal on Financial Mathematics	manuscripts/SIAMOnline/template-sifin.tex	L
siims	-	SIAM Journal on Imaging Sciences	manuscripts/SIAMOnline/template-siims.tex	F
sima	-	SIAM Journal on Mathematical Analysis	manuscripts/SIAM/template-sima.tex	L
simax	-	SIAM Journal on Matrix Analysis and Applications	manuscripts/SIAM/template-simax.tex	L
simods	-	SIAM Journal on Mathematics of Data Science	manuscripts/SIAMOnline/template-simods.tex	L
sinum	-	SIAM Journal on Numerical Analysis	manuscripts/SIAM/template-sinum.tex	L
siopt	-	SIAM Journal on Optimization	manuscripts/SIAM/template-siopt.tex	F
sirev	-	SIAM Review	manuscripts/SIAM/template-sirev.tex	L
sisc	-	SIAM Journal on Scientific Computing	manuscripts/SIAM/template-sisc.tex	L
smster	*	Smart Materials and Structures	manuscripts/ROP/template-smster.tex	L
spa	-	Stochastic Processes and their Applications	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-spa.tex	L
spasta	-	Spatial Statistics	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-spasta.tex	L
ssteet	*	Semiconductor Science and Technology	manuscripts/ROP/template-ssteet.tex	L
stapro	-	Statistics & Probability Letters	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-stapro.tex	L
stnpcw	*	Surface Topography: Metrology and Properties	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-stnpcw.tex	L
sustef	*	Superconductor Science and Technology	manuscripts/ROP/template-sustef.tex	L
svva	-	Set-Valued and Variational Analysis	manuscripts/Springer/sn-jnl.cls/template-svva.tex	L
svevo	-	Swarm and Evolutionary Computation	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-svevo.tex	L
sysconle	-	Systems & Control Letters	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-sysconle.tex	L
tcs	-	Theoretical Computer Science	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-tcs.tex	L
topol	-	Topology and its Applications	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-topol.tex	L
tvtp	-	Theory of Probability and its Applications	manuscripts/SIAM/template-tvp.tex	L
vehcom	-	Vehicular Communications	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-vehcom.tex	L
wace	-	Weather and Climate Extremes	manuscripts/Elsevier/elsarticle.cls/template-wace.tex	L
zamm	-	Journal of Applied Mathematics and Mechanics	manuscripts/Wiley/zamm/template-zamm.tex	F

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